# DAILY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON:

MONDAY AFTERNOON, DECEMBER 29.

nes Our Publication Office is removed to WM. ADAM's bookstore, Pennsylvania avenue, third door west of Four-and-a-half street.

T. C. CONNOLLY'S Office is on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue, a few doors east of Sixth street-immediately opposite Selby Parker's variety store.

### Congress To-Day.

SENATE. - After the presentation of petitions, the bill from the House, making an appropriation of five thousand dollars to meet the expenses incurred in the suppression of the late fire at the Capitol, was referred to the Committee on Finance, with a proposed amendment, by Mr. Cass, making a further appropriation of ten thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Librarian, for the purchase of books.

The joint resolution of the House, instructing the Joint Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds to examine into the cause, etc., of the late fire in the Library of Congress, was referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

A communication was received from the Navy Department, asking for an appropriation of \$219,288 to meet deficiencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1852; which was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

The resolution relating to the printing of the returns of the Seventh Census, giving the contract to Messrs. Armstrong & Donaldson, being the special order, was taken up; when

Messrs. SMITH, PRATT, BADGER, and MANGUM spoke in favor of postponing the further consideration of the subject.

Messrs. BRIGHT and GWIN were in favor of prompt action. Finally, the further consideration of the sub

ject was postponed until Tuesday week. The committee on the resolution to receive

Louis Kossuth made a report, which was adopted, recommending that the same course be pursued towards him as was pursued towards General Lafayette, and that the chairman introduce him in these words: "We present Louis Kossuth to the Senate of the United States." The Senators will then rise, and the President will invite him to be seated. The committee consists of Messrs. Shields,

SEWARD, and CASS. The Senate adjourned until Friday next.

The Philosophy of Politics---Foote and Rhett. General Foote took an active part in getting

up the Southern Address. Mr. Cobb, of Georgia. refused to sign it upon the ground that it did not do justice to the Northern Democracy. Mr. Cobb relied upon their vote to elect him Speaker, and therefore refused to unite in the address. Then he had no fear of disunion-then he did not believe that the Abolitionists were a numerous or a dangerous party. Mr. Cobb came back to Congress, and was elected Speaker by a party vote. Having gained this step, he then looked to the Vice Presidency. He had been the active partisan of General Cass, and, by refusing to sign the Southern Address, had identified his future hopes and political destinies with the Northern Democ-

Congress had failed to organize a territorial government for California, the Abolitionists demanding the Wilmot Proviso as a sine qua non. With them it was "all or nothing." Mr. Clay was elected to the Senate, as the successor of Mr. Crittenden, under a declared purpose of compromising the slavery question. It is proper here to ask, What was the issue to be compromised? The South would have been content with thirtysix degrees thirty minutes-the North demanded all to the Mexican line. As it was well understood that slavery had been excluded from New Mexico Mexico and natural causes, the tion of slavery in California. The North, with a unanimity unparalleled, Whigs and Democrats uniting, had refused to organize a territorial government for California, unless upon the condition firmly resolved to oppose the Wilmot Proviso. In other words, opposition to slavery had become so strong in the North as to endanger the old party organization; and opposition to the Proviso party leaders saw that unless the question of the know that Mr. Foote would have been driven into admission of California could be taken out of the next Presidential election, no candidate who had given any countenance to the Proviso could receive a single Southern electoral vote; and also saw that unless it could be compromised so as to to the present and the future. satisfy the North, no party who could obtain the vote of the South could receive a single Northern vote. Both parties, therefore, united in devising a plan for the admission of California. It was presented in an act of Congress organizing a terin the North united in recognising the constitution adopted by the people of California, although would have been presented, nor, if presented, would it have been sanctioned by Congress, had it not been for the determination of both parties at the North to exclude slavery from California. The admission of California was therefore a gross violation of the rights of the South, and the man-Southern men?

Gen. Cass had been defeated by Gen. Taylor, and he and his partisans attributed his defeat to trol objections; and for the first time we are the Proviso. They, therefore, were for the Compromise. Mr. Clay had long had his eyes on the Presidency, and he and his partisans believed that they had much to hope from another compromise. Mr. Cobb, who, aspiring to the Vice the South presents no candidate; yea, more, we Presidency, had identified himself with the Northern Democracy by refusing to sign the Southern from a compromise. Mr. Toombs, who did sign the Southern Address, and who had his eye upon the Senate, being a Whig, under a Whig Administration, saw that he might profit by a compromise, and therefore he came into the measure. and united with Mr. Cobb in the organization of the "Constitutional Union party" of Georgia. and Mr. Toombs has been elected to the Senate. as their reward for their agency in the organization of that party. So much for Georgia.

Gen. Foote's impulsive, restless ambition stimulates his zeal, and it was therefore not surprising the panic of the late elections, went over to the

being, a partisan. He was then the partisan of avail themselves of such an occasion to unite in more, if this new doctrine be once established by Compromise. This made it necessary to create a and protect the rights and interests of the South, Compromise and disunion. To do this, Messrs. Cobb and Foote and their associates denounced Mr. Rhett and South Carolina, hoping that, by identifying Mr. Rhett with the State, they could organize a Union party in the South, to consist of the whole body of the friends of the Administration, and such of the Democratic party as they could carry with them, which could control the elections of the South. As both parties in the North, Whigs and Democrats, under the lead of Mr. Clay and Gen. Cass, were anxious to prepare for the approaching Presidential election by an adjustnent of the California question, and the death of Gen. Taylor had brought Mr. Webster into power, both parties in that section united in denanding an adjustment. They were the more earnest in this demand, because they apprehended that further agitation would unite the South in measures of retaliation, which would greatly prejudice the commercial and manufacturing interests; and hence, all parties at the North, the entire Whig party of the South, and such of the Democracy of the South as acted with Messrs. Cobb and Foote, united in demanding the Compromise as the only means of saving the Union It was not suprising that, under such circumstances, the leaders of the Union party should la bor to create a belief that all who did not approve of their course were identified with Mr. Rhettthat all who were not for the Compromise were for disunion. It was in vain that this charge was denied. The "Union" newspaper, edited by Mr. Ritchie, the venerable organ of the party, had declared for the Compromise. He had declared that the Union was in danger; and, under the delusive panic thus created, the Whig party in Georgia, Alabama, and Mississippi, making a merit of sacrificing their party organization, were led up in a body to the support of those Democratic candidates who would declare for the new "Constitutional Union party." The result has been that Mr. Cobb was elected Governor of Georgia, Mr. Foote was elected Governor of Mis-

sissippi, and Mr. Toombs Senator from Georgia. If it had been true, as was alleged, that the ssue in these elections was union or disunion. the results in all the States, connected as they were with the pretexts and disclaimers everywhere made by the State Rights candidates and the State Rights press, had fully demonstrated that the people of the South are so much devoted to the Union that no one could doubt their acquiescence in the Compromise. Why, then, did General Foote revive the question by his resolution in the Senate? Let us see.

We have seen that Messrs. Cobb and Toombs, of Georgia, and Foote, of Mississippi, were elected, not as Democrats, but as "Constitutional Union" men,-that that party was made up for the occasion by a union of the entire Whig party and such Democrats as the Constitutional Union Democratic candidates could carry off from the Democratic party. Now, when we come to analyze the Constitutional Union party, we find there s so great a preponderance of Whig material that it is essentially a Whig party, and that, consequently, in the coming Presidential contest, it must act with the Whig party, unless it be dissolved and fall back into the old organization. General Foote saw that, in this case, he would be compelled to retire from public life: for he well knew that he could not, in Mississippi, sustain himself as a Whig, and that he had given such offence to the Republican State Rights party that he had nothing to hope from them. It, therefore, is not surprising that he should labor to preserve the organization of the Constitutional Union party; and hence we find him at Montgomery, Alabama, denouncing the State Rights party, declaring them traitors and disunionists. And hence we find him renewing the agitation in Congress by compromise resolutions. Is it not palpable that his motive is self?-that he has raised a false clamor, bout danger to the Union, to promote his selonly question to be compromised was the ques- fish ends?—and that he has used Mr. Rhett as a too much regard for our own liberty to endanger raw-head-and-bloody-bones to frighten the people it by entering on a crusade to revolutionize the of the South into a belief that he is a disinterested patriot? Who does not see that he furnished Mr. Rhett the pretext for declaring on the floor of of prohibiting slavery. The South were no less the Senate that he was a disunionist, (a fact which Mr. Foote has well known for many, many years.) and that he rejoices in that declaration. because his purpose is to use Mr. Rhett, as he has heretofore used him, as the sheet-anchor of had become equally strong in the South. The his own political aspirations? Who does not

disgrace by the indignant voice of his betrayed

constituents, had not Mr. Rhett's disunion speeches

furnished him an apology for his political delin-

quency? So much for the past. We come now

What should the State Rights party of the South do? They cannot dissolve the Union if they would, and they would not if they could. They are in the Union; they have rights under seen that the Wilmot Proviso would be much the constitution which it is their duty to protect. stronger if placed in a State constitution than if How is this to be done? Is it expedient for them to strengthen the Whig party by agitating the ritorial government; and therefore both parties Compromise measures? Or is it not their true policy to avail themselves of the example of the Constitutional Union party to reorganize, in refit cannot be doubted that no such constitution erence to the next Presidential election, on such a basis as will secure the election of a candidate who is entitled to their confidence and support? For our own part we do not hesitate. We were opposed to the Congressional caucus, because it was an instrument in the hands of designing men to supersede the popular will in the choice of the Executive, at least, has no authority to exner of it a fraud upon the Constitution itself. candidates. We were opposed to the Baltimore Why, then, did it receive the countenance of Convention, because it is liable to the same or even greater objections. But there are times and circumstances which create necessities that conin favor of a full representation of the State Rights party in the Baltimore Convention, and we would go there in good faith. We would, however, have it to be distinctly understood that would have it distinctly understood that the South does not select between opposing Northern can-Address, believed that he too had much to hope didates, but explicitly requiring that the candidate presented by the North shall be in all respects sound upon the slavery question; and that upon this question there shall be no equivocation, doubt, or evasion; for, truly, he that is not for us is against us. For ourselves, we are resolved to support no man, let him be Whig or Democrat, who is not with the South and for the South on Mr. Cobb has been elected Governor of the State, this issue. Can the South safely make this issue? Can the State Rights party safely tender the right hand of fellowship to those of the late Constitutional Union party who will unite with them on this platform? Can any Democrat, who, under

Gen. Cass, and readily became a partisan of the the triumph which will do so much to confirm belief that we had no alternatives between the and to maintain and perpetuate our republican constitution?

Reception of Kossuth at Baltimore,

The distinguished Hungarian patriot arrived in Baltimore on Saturday at 34 p m., in the train from Philadelphia. His entrance within the limits of the city, the "American" states, was signalized by the cheers of thousands of the people and a salute of artillery, and the welcome extended to him was of the warmest and heartiest character. He was escorted to the apartments of Mayor Jerome at the Eulaw House. Addresses were delivered and the usual ceremonials observed. Kossuth's speech was received with great enthusiasm; and, after he had concluded, Judge Legrand made a brief address, highly eulogistic of the brave Magyar, and concluded by submitting, as he remarked, at the request of Kossuth, the following resolutions, adopted by a town meeting of citizens held at Harrisburg, the capital of Pennsylvania, on the - instant:

Whereas it is apparent, from the signs of the times, that a crisis in European affairs is rapidly approaching, in which the great question is to be settled whether crowned despotism is to hold its sway and rule the oppressed nations of the earth as with a rod of iron, or whether the people are to rise in their might and assert those inalienable rights of freedom which they inherited from their Creator; and whereas it has pleased Divine Providence to raise up, in the person of Louis Kossuth, Governor of Hungary, a man endowed with the elo-quence, the power, and the indomitable will that point him out as the fitting instrument to regenerate the down-trodden nations of the Old World; and where-as it is one of the highest duties of a people in the full enjoyment of their liberties to extend their warmest sympathies and most generous aid

to their oppressed brethren of other lands: Therefore, resolved, That this meeting approve and endorse the three propositions promulgated by Louis Kossuth, Governor of Hungary, in his great speech before the Mayor and authorities of

the city of New York, viz:
"First, That, feeling interested in the maintenance of the laws of nations, acknowledging the sovereign right of every people to dispose of its own domestic concerns to be one of these laws, and the interference with this sovereign right to be a violation of these laws of nations, the people of the United States-resolved to respect and to make respected these public laws-declare the Russian past intervention in Hungary to be a violation of these laws, which, if reiterated, would be a new violation, and would not be regarded

indifferently by the people of the United States. "Second, That the people of the United States are resolved to maintain its right of commercial intercourse with the nations of Europe, whether they be in a state of revolution against their government or not; and that, with the view of approaching scenes on the continent of Europe, the people invite the government to take approneasures for the protection of the trade of our people in the Mediterranean; and

Third. That the people of the United States should declare their opinion in respect to the question of the independence of Hungary, and rge the government to act accordingly.'

Resolved, That the people of Hungary are, and of right ought to remain, a free and independent ation; that Louis Kossuth is their lawful Governor; and that the Hungarian people should not be prevented from exercising the rights of freemen by the tyranny of Austria and the intervention of Russin Resolved, That we extend to Louis Kossuth,

overnor of Hungary, and the Hungarian nation, that has made such a noble stand in the cause of freedom, that sympathy, aid, and support which reemen alone know how to grant.

The resolutions were then read by Judge Le-

grand, but in such a low tone of voice that very few persons could hear any portion of them, or gather their meaning. Subsequently the Judge tated briefly the purport of the resolutions; when, the question being taken, they were re-ceived with a shout of approval.

COMMENT. -So far Kossuth has had a triumphal progress; so far he has been surrounded and sustained by the influence which the naturalized vote exercises on the politics of our large cities. But it is well for him and for Congress to bear in mind that New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore are not the United States; and what is more, there are yet to be found in the United States voters enough to control our elections, who have governments of Europe.

### Thrasher's Case. The "Ohio State Journal" says:

"In another column we publish the letter of Mr. Webster, Secretary of State, to our Minister at Madrid, in behalf of Mr. Thrasher. This letter announces the fact, heretofore unknown to us. that Mr. Thrasher is no longer a citizen of the United States, but is a regular subject of the Spanish government. The United States have, from the beginning, held and advocated the doctrine that a man may expatriate himself—that is, that a subject of Great Britain may come to the United States, and by declaring his intention to become a citizen of the country, and by taking the final oath of allegiance, he becomes, to all in tents and purposes, a subject of the United States, and ceases to be a subject of Great Britain. The war of 1812, to a great extent, grew out of a difference of opinion on this question. Of course, a person, by leaving the United States and going to Cuba, and there taking the oath of allegiance to the government of Spain, becomes, to all intents and purposes, a Spanish subject, and ceases to be a subject of the United States. It is amusing to see what fools some of the small demagogues of the country make of themselves

COMMENT .- lst. We beg leave to inform the Ohio State Journal" that the people of the United States are citizens, not subjects.

2d. That the Secretary of State has no right or authority to declare that any man " is no longer a citizen of the United States." For, admitting that an American citizen may expatriate himself, patriate and disfranchise him against his will.

3d. Admit that a citizen of the United States may expatriate himself; and that by going abroad to reside, by declaring his intention to become a citizen or subject of the country of his new-residence, and by "taking the final oath of allegiance" to the government, he ceases to be a citizen of the United States, and "becomes, to all intents and purposes a subject" of that government. Still, from the official report of the Spanish authorities. it does not appear that Mr. Thrasher ever declared any such intention to change his allegiance, and it does appear that he expressly refused "to take the final oath of allegiance," and was for that reason compelled to discontinue his business as the publisher of a newspaper in Ha-

What right, then, or shadow of authority, has either the Secretary of State or the "Ohio State Journal" to announce that "Mr. Thrasher is no longer a citizen of the United States, but is a regular subject of the Spanish government." We speak not for Mr. Thrasher only, but in behalf of every citizen of the United States who now is, or may hereafter go, abroad to reside, either for health, pleasure, or business. If the Secretary that he should enter earnestly into the Compro- Whigs, refuse to unite on this platform? Are of State can thus despoil one American citizen of mise arrangements. He is always, for the time there not many Southern Whigs who will gladly his birthright, he may do the same for all-nay,

a single precedent, it renders the government of the United States powerless to protect any citizen who has taken, or may hereafter take, up his domicil abroad, "for any indefinite period," whether his purpose in so doing be health, business,

or pleasure.

Licut, Catesby Ap R. Jones.

This gentleman is a son of Adjutant General toger Jones, and he it was who was wounded in Paris, and not the gallant old Commodore. His wounds, however, are less severe than they were at first reported. He was but a spectator on the Boulevard, three-fourths of a mile from the scene of strife, when an unexpected and unnecessary order for the military to clear the Boulevard was

The young gentleman who advertises in our paper to-day for employment is recommended by his intelligence, ability, character, and respectable associations in life.

Smithsonian Lectures.—The first Lecture of the sourse will be delivered by Dr. E. K. Kars, U. S. Navy, Surgeon of the American Arctic Expedition, on Monday evening next, 29th instant, at 7½ o'clock. Subject: Arctic Explorations. The second and third Lectures will take place on the evenings of Wednesday and Friday following.

## NATIONAL THEATRE.

Price of Admission. Private Boxes \$6: Orchestra Seats 75 cents; Dress Circle and Parquette 50 cents; Reserved Seats in the same 75 cents; 'amily Circle 25 cents; Gallery and Third Tier 25 cents. THIS EVENING, DECEMBER 29,

irst night of the Grand Opera of BOHEMIAN GIRL. By the highly successful Secum Opera Troups, ipal characters by Mrs. Secum, Messrs. Bishop, I Secum, and Brunton.

Dancing, by - - - Miss Annie Walters.
Grand Overture - - By the Orchestra.
Fantasia-Cornet e Piston, by - Mr. Bayley.

To conclude with the farce of DAY AFTER THE WEDDING. Box office open from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Doors open alf-past six—performance will commence at quarter-part of the commence of th air-past six—performance will commence at quarter-past even o'clock.

An efficient police will be in constant attendance to pre-erve strict order.

[dec 29—

### FOR THIS NIGHT ONLY. 63
THE INFANT DRUMMER!

MASTER WILLIAM HENRY MARSH, 3½ years old, will give one Grand Musical Entertainment at CA-

Thursday night, January 1st, 1852, on which occasion he will be accompanied by Mr. Wm. H. Durris, the celebrated fifer, formerly of Dodworth's Band, New York, and assisted by Mr. Collins, the popular vocalist, Mr. Gospen, the unrivalled flutist, and Master Chs. Stilpp, he talented pianist.

PROGRADIAL.
PART I.

Overture—Piano Forte—Mozart - Chs. Stieff.
"Down among the dead men," (Song of the 16th century) - Mr. Collius.
Infant Drummer Quickstep, 24 time,
Jenny Lind Polka—Fife accom.
Fantasia Brilliant—Flute—"La SonFantasia Brilliant—Sure—"La Son-

nambula," composed and executed by Mr. Gosden.

Song—"Low-backed Car" Mr. Gosden.

Bould Solider Boy and Widow Machree—Fife accompaniment Infant Drumm

Overture—Piano Forte - - - - Chs. Stieff.

TO BUSINESS MEN.

A Young Man, of steady and industrious habits, and who can come well recommended, wishes to obtain a situation as salesman or assistant clerk in some business house in Washington. He would make himself generally useful to his employer. A line addressed to "Advertiser," box 00. city post-office, will meet with prompt attention. dec 29—44\*

FIREMEN'S BALL!

THE ANACOSTIA FIRE COMPANY respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally, that
Ball will be given by the company, at Anacostia Hall,
Yary Yard, on Wednesday evening, December 31, 1851.

Tickets \$1. Messrs, Wheden and Ryther's omnibuses will be in at-OLTMAN & READING, corner of 12th

A street and canal, Washington, D. C., are selling the very best article of White and Red Ash COAL at 50 cents per ton below the market price. Wood proportionably cheap. See Call and examine our stock of coal—it is large and good.

All orders left at the store of Mr. Wimsatt, corner of 13th

street and Pennsylvania avenue, will be attended to. dec 29—tf [Balt. Sun—2w.] SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF WINTER STOCK!

Great Bargains !—No Disappointment!

2.000 YARDS De Laines and Cashmeres, from 10

OOO YARDS De Laines and Cashmeres, OOO cents up
Figure and plain Alpacas, only 25 cents up
Education and Square Shawls, from 75 cents up
Beautiful Bay State Shawls, rery low
Large lot of bleached and brown Cottons, very cheap
Biankets at any price, Cassinets and Cassimeres
Gent's Merino Shirts and Drawers
Children's Worsted Hoods and Caps
White and colored Flannels, Ticking, Linsey
Check, Crash, Table Linen, Cambrics, Muslins
Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Surpenders, Umbrellas, &c.
A lot of yarn, various colors, at cost.

ALSO—

ALSO—

ALSO—

A lot of yarn, various colors, at cost.

ALSO—
Velvet and Silk Bonnets, ready-made in the latest style, uncommonly low prices
Straw Bonnets, ready trimmed
Bonnet Frames, Crowns, Wires, &c.
Flowers, Caps, Wreaths, &c.
200 pieces Bonnet Ribbons, very pretty styles and at cost Ladies' Merino Stockings, only 25 cents
Children's Woollen Stockings, only 10 cents
Scarfs, Comforts, Gioves, &c.—Kid Gloves 25 cents
Beat Extracts, Colognes, Soaps, Hair Oils, Cold Cream,
Tooth Paste, &c., &c.
Reticules, Purses, Porte-Monnales
Fancy Boxes, Baskets, &c.
A good assortment of Jewelry, warranted gold and at low prices.

low prices.

If you want bargains, call at

BROWN'S Cheap Cash Store,

Penna. av., opp. Todd's Hat Store,

dec 29—tr between 6th and 7th streets.

BY DYER & McGUIRE, Auctioneers. IGNOR VITO VITES CLOSING OUT SALE .- On Tues-GIGNOR VITO VITT'S CLOSING OUT SALE.—On Tuesday evening, December 30th, commencing at 7 o'clock, at Carus's Saloon, we shall sell (without reserve, and without regard to weather) all the remainder of that magnificent collection of Marble and Alabaster, Papier-mache, Dresden Platina, rich Silver Plate, and Bohemian Glassware.

The richest and most costly articles remain unsold; among which are two very spiendid Barrocco Mosaic Centre Tables, just received from Florence.

N. B.—Purchasers at previous sales are respectfully requested to call during to-day and receive their goods, as Tuesday evening will be the last grand sale of the season. dec 29—2t

DYER & McGUIRE, Auctioneers.

REMOVAL. RICHARD H. CLARKE, Attorney at Law, has remonented his office to the corner of Sixth street and Louisis arenue, under Mr. Towers's printing office.

WANTED .- An active, industrious man, with a capitai of \$25 or \$50, is wanted to canvass for and carry a popular Democratic penny paper in this city. One of the proprietors of said paper can be seen at the boot and shoe establishment of J. D. Hoover, Pennsylvania avenue, between 7th and 8th streets, on Tuesday, 30th instant.

OST, on Saturday last, between 13th and 11th streets, two Bank Bills of New York, of the denomination of ve and two dollars. The finder would be doing a truly naritable act by handing at least the five-dollar bill, for the idow, to Lambert Tree, esq., of the city post office, and taining the two dollars, if he or she shall think fit. dec 29—3t\*

BONNETS AND RIBBONS! LADIES who have not purchased their Winter Bonnets can be suited at Mrs. COLLISON'S Fancy and Millinery Store, where can also be found the fashionable style of Ribbons, at reduced prices. dec 27—tr SIXTH st., near Louisiana av. KOSSUTH GRIPPE!

KOSSUTH GRIPPE!

THE last mail brings intelligence that coincident with the arrival of the illustrious Kossuth, every person is attacked with Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, &c., accompenied by Chills and Fevers.

As a preventive and cure against the above diseases prepare yourselves against the arrival of the great Magyar by calling and procuring a bottle of Dr. ROSE'S celebrated EXPECTORANT, as a preventive for those who have not the Kossuth Grippe, and as a cure for those who have. If it is accompanied with chills and fevers, get his TONIC MIXTURE. Two never-falling remedies! For sale at RUTT'S Datus Stons.

Cor. Penna. av. and 12th st., opp. Irving Hotel. dec Zi—4tif. [Union & Republic.]

POSTSCRIPT!

[Despatched to the American Telegraph.] Kossuth.

The Markets.

The Philadelphia Fire.

The loss by the fire on Chestnut street, of

of the Morris Hose Company, are missing. It is

The sale of tickets for Lola Montes's first night

concert is very spirited. Seats in the private

boxes sold from \$13 to \$26, and seats in the

dress circle from \$8 to \$11. There is a great

GEORGETOWN AND ITS AFFAIRS.

The Retrocession meeting, which has been sev-

eral times postponed in consequence of the in-

clemency of the weather, takes place at Forrest

Hall to-night. R. Ould, esq., will conclude the

speech in favor of it commenced at the last meet-

ing, and be replied to by Samuel McKenny, esq.

Vicious Assault .- Some nights past Mr. Gross,

one of the night-watch, hearing some disorder in

a house on Water street, attempted to go in for

the purpose of suppressing it, when he was vio-

lently assaulted by one of the party and had one

The flour and grain market remains steady at

last quotations. The market is rather bare of

pork, and prices have advanced-from wagons

Kossuth's Visit to Washington.

It is understood that the great Magyar will ar-

ive in this city at eleven o'clock to-morrow. The

Republic" says "he will be received at the

railroad station, and privately conducted to

Brown's Hotel, where accommodations have been

secured for himself and suite." The "Intelli-

gencer" says that, "if the usage of our city was

not opposed to any display on occasions such as

this, the unpropitious weather and the state of

our streets and roads would present an insupera-

ble obstacle to any attempt at such," and that

"M. Kossuth will doubtless be welcomed, how-

ever, with due respect by everybody, with some

formality by each house of Congress, and cor-

NATIONAL HALL. - The Seguins have been

drawing good houses in spite of the cold and

now. As the weather has moderated, we anti-

cipate a crowd this evening at the National Hall.

The Bohemian Girl, in which Mr. Seguin appears

The Fourth Presbyterian church (Rev.

. C. Smith, pastor) yesterday received thirty-

six new members on profession of conversion, and

six on certificate. The scene was one of great

The story, "Be Patient," by Mary

Irving, that has afforded our readers so much

pleasure, should have been credited to the "Na-

Yesterday morning was drizzly and freezy

-yesterday afternoon thawey and sloppy-this

morning ditto, with a pleasent warm air, and fine

[Communicated.]

Direct Trade.-Clubs.

They should be formed in every county in the

Southern States. Their correspondence should

extend to every part of Europe, and embrace also

planters as to the real prospects of the crop.

This information should be condensed and regu-

larly published. The commercial independence

of the South should be aimed at and accomplished

by the planters themselves. Organization should

be the first step, so as to keep the movement free

We hope to see it done, and that quickly. The

journal at Washington. In May, at Montgomery,

MARRIED,

In this city, on Tuesday, the 23d instant, by the Rev. J. W. Newron, Doctor D. N. MAHON, of Carlisle, Pennsylvania, to JULIA M., daughter of Capt. J. B. MONTOOMERY, of the U. S. Navy.

ity, North Carolina.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!!!
ALL,PAIN CURED LIKE MAGIC!—This wonderf

y, DENNIS A. SMITH, in the 71st year of his ag

DR. J. S. ROSE'S

SEVERAL PLANTERS.

tional Era," in which it originally appeared.

opportunites for catching the influenza

in his favorite character, is in the bill for to-

dially and hospitably by the Executive."

night.

solemnity.

designing men.

committee.

of his eyes knocked entirely out.

\$6.50, from stores \$6.621@\$6.75.

The room will be well warmed and lighted.

Georgerown, December 29-12 m

feared that others are under the ruins.

rush for seats.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.

changed. Business generally is quiet.

Вацтиони, Dec. 29-21 р. т. Kossuth is receiving friends at the Eutaw House. His health is improved. He goes to Washington positively to-morrow morning at 9

THIS being a branch of an old establishment on the N. E. corner of Harrison and Faystte streets, Baltimore, we keep on hand, at both manufactories, a general assortment of CAPS, of every style, both at wholesale and retail.

49 All orders promptly attended to.

Also, Children's Fancy Hats, Gent's Slouch Hats, &c., &c. LADIES, ATTENTION!

I will close out the Furs at cost. I have on hand Muffs, coss, Cuffs, Victorines, Tippets, Felt Bonnets, &c. The markets here and at the North remain un-

dec 27-6t\* Penna. av., bet. 10th and 11th sts.

Head-Dresses for the Opera!

WANTED—One or two rooms, suitable for a JOB PRINTING OFFICE. A location near the Avenue would be preferred. Address "Printer," box 246, through the post-office.

A NEW CAP MANUFACTORY.

ADIES are invited to call and examine Mrs. COL-LISON'S select assortment of Opera Caps, morning and evening Head-dresses, White Kid Gloves, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, French Collars, Extracts, &c. Apr SIXTH street, a short distance above dec 27—tr Pennsylvania avenue. which we were informed on Saturday, is fully \$200,000. Workmen have been busy all day in removing the rubbish from the scene at the corner NOTICE. of 6th and Chestnut streets. The body of Mr. Whaley has not yet been found. Wm. Baker, of the Mayor's Police, Jesse Boyle and Jas. Cook,

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully inform their customers that their accounts will be presented to them on Monday, the 20th instant; and as it is indispensable to the proper transaction of their business that these accounts should be closed at an early date, in returning their thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon them, they would hope that their customers will comply with this request.

B. MYERS & OO.

NO EXCUSE FOR BAD BREAD. Infallible Yeast Powders!

Infallible Yeast Fowders!

A NEW ARTICLE for making light and sweet bread, which, when used as directed, makes bread light and perfectly wholesome, not liable to sour upon the stomachmore nourishing and economical than when made with common yeast. It is always ready and sure to act, and the dough is ready to bake as soon as mixed. Every family should use it. For sale by

J. F. CALLAN.

WASHING FLUID, a cheap, convenient, and ex-cellent article, for sale at 25 cents per bottle, at the Drug Store, corner of 7th and E streets, by dec 27—tr

W E would most septerfully inform those of our customers who have running accounts with us that, according to custom, their respective bills will be delivered to them by the 1st of January, and we sincerely hope that all will be prepared to make an early settlement.

We return our cordial thanks to our customers who have heretofore patronised us, and humbly ask a continuance of their favors.

McLAIN & HARRY.

dec 26—1w [Intelligencer.]

FOR SALE.

A N active young man servant, to serve for the term of life. Any gentleman wishing to procure a first-rate servant for his own use should avail himself of this opportunity. 49- For further information address "Dow, jr.," through the city post-office.

dec 26—1w [Intelligencer.] For Christmas and New Year Presents!

HAVE now in store a very rich and splendid assortment of the following seasonable articles, to wit: Extra superior Silk, Cashmere, French Flannel Dressing Robes Robes
Extra superior Silk Scarfs, Stocks, Cravats, and Neck-ties,
in rich and pleasing variety, for dress, wedding, and

evening parties
Silk and Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs
Gloves of all descriptions, of the best makers
Extra superfine water Fur Gloves

Extra superfine water Fur Gloves
Suspenders, Hosiery.
Also, a full stock of superior Dress Shirts, plain and fancy.
With a complete supply of woollen, merino, cashmere,
silk, and fur Undergarments.
Also, Brushas of all kinds, Porte-monnaies, Purses, Pocketbooks, Ganes, and Umbrellas, with Toilet articles in abundance, at

CHARLES H. LANE'S
Fashionable Hat, Cap, and Gentlemen's
Furnishing establishment, near 4½ st., Penna. av.
dos 24—8t

Fancy and Furnishing Store. MRS. BANNERMAN has received from the North an assortment of superior Paris style Cloaks, Mantillas, Visites, and Opera Sacques; Evening Dresses, Fine French Embroideries, Ribbons, Lace, Gloves, Nets, and Muslins; Dresses, Trimming, Perfumery; with a variety of Fancy Articles, suitable for Christmas presents; which goods she opened Tuesday, December 23d, and will sell below the regular market price.

MRS. BANNERMAN,

At the Atheneum, Pennsylvania avenue, dec 24—5t

bet. 6th and 4½ sts., north side.

Hats and Caps for Christmas and New Year.

MY stock of Hats and Caps is full, and very fine. Also—Youth's, Children's, and Infants fine. Also—Youth's, Children's, and Infants great variety, now open for inspection at CHARLES H. LANE'S Fashionable Hat, Cap, and Gentlemen's Furnishing Establishment, between 4½ and 6th streets, Pennsylvania avenue. [dec 24—3t BANK OF THE UNION.

THIS BANK will be closed on the 1st day of January.
R. H. GALLAHER, President DECEMBER 27, 1851. 22 Business hours for the present from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. dec 24—tf

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

THE SUBSCRIBER invites the attention of his customers and the public generally to his extensive assortment of fancy articles, suitable for Christmas and New Year Presents, which he has selected with great care, and which he flatters himself will compare favorably with any other similar stock in this city, which will be sold very cheap for cash. N. B.—He also keeps constantly on hand a large and general assortment of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, which he is selling at reduced prices, at the Cheap Cash Store, under Dorsey's Hotel, on 7th and I streets.

dec 23—ed5t po3t

F. C. TARDELLA. SPLENDID NEW SILKS!

LAGETT, NEWTON, MAY & CO. respectfully ann

CLAGETT, NEWTON, MAY & CO. respectfully announce to the ladies, resident and sejourners in Washington, that they have just received 100 pieces decidedly the most superb goods in the Silk line ever exhibited in this city—a very recent importation—the prices of which we guaranty below the cost to import.

dec 23—1w CLAGETT, NEWTON, MAY & CO. HUNGARY and Kossuth, or an American ex-

position of the late Hungarian Revolution, with a ceel plate portrait of the noble Magyar, by Rev. B. F. Tefft, D. For sale by A. GRAY, dec 22—tr 7th st., opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall. confidential correspondence from the Southern

ADIES' Magnificent Papier-Mache Fancy Boxes, beautiful Glass Fancy Boxes and small Toy Boxes; a full assortment of each, for sale by A. GRAY, dec 22—tr Bookseller, 7th st., opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall.

PLENDID Port-Folios, suitable for holiday presents, just opened by A. GRAY, Bookseller, dec 22—tr 7th st., opp. Odd-Fellows Hall. TO HOUSEKEEPERS

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

AM NOW OPENING one of the finest assortment of House-furnishing Articles ever offered for sale in Washington—consisting in part of Bronzed Ironware, Hat Racks, Fire Dogs, Standers, &c.; Block and Planished Tinware, from Cortlan & Co.'s, Baltimore; English Britanisware, Albata Forks and Spoons, ivory handle Knives, in sets and detached pieces; together with a great many other articles desirable to Housekeepers, which I will sell as low as can be purchased in the District. Call and examine at Lindbaley & Baden,)

(formerly Lindsley & Baden,)

Pa. av., bct. 9th and 10th sts. from collateral questions and out of the hands of clubs should have names. The formation of such clubs should be published and forwarded to some in Ala., the Convention will form the central

COACH-MAKERS. COACH-MAKERS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, and ofter for sale at the lowest prices, a fine lot of Drab Silk and other Laces, Silver-Plated and Brass Coach Handles, Patent Screw Axles, Fellows, Spokes, Hubs and Hub-bands, with a general assortment of every thing that can be asked for in that line.

H. LINDSLEY. II. LINDSLEY, (formerly Lindsley & Baden,) Pa. av., bet. 9th and 10th sts. dec 22-2weo

On the 18th instant, at Old Point Comfort, by the Rev. On the 18th instant, at Old Point Comfort, by the Rev. M. L. CREVERS, Major HENRY J. HUNT, U. S. Army, to Miss EMILY C., daughter of Lt. Col. R. E. DERUSSY, U. S. \$800 worth of Guns at Manufacturers' Prices. C ENTLEMEN wishing to provide themselves with a fit Gun and apparatus, have now an opportunity seldo offered, as I am determined to sell off my large stock Guns before the season is over. H. LINDSLEY, In the city of Raleigh. (N. C.) on Sunday evening, the 21st instant, Mrs. DELIA HAYWOOD, aged 69 years, relict of the late Syephen Haywoon, formerly of that place, and daughter of 60. Prilemon Hawkins, late of Warren county, North Carolina. (formerly Lindsley & Baden,)
Pa. sv., bet. 9th and 10th sts. dec 22-2weo

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, &c. THE UNDERSIGNED, having made considerable additions to his stock, offers for sale, at the lowest prices, fine English lever, anchor, and cylinder escapement Watches, in gold and silver cases; gold guard, fob, and vest Chaining, Chatelaines, Bracelets, Breastpins, Finger and Ear-rings, &c., of the newest and most approved patterns.

Also, a fine assortment of Silverware, such as Table and Teaspoons, Butter and Fish Knives, Cheese Scoops, Forks, Mugs, &c.

SAMUEL LEWIS, dee 22—diletian Pann sy het 11th and 12th steepens.

ALL. PAIN CURED LIKE MAGIC!—This wonderful preparation is used internally and externally, giving immediate relief from all bodily pains.

If used according to directions, it not only relieves all pain, but it cures it usually on the first application. It may be relied upon for curing and giving almost instant relief, as thousands who have used it can testify, to Rheumatism, Ague, Sudden Colds, Cholera, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Pleurisy, Earache, Toothache, Cholic, and all pain in the Stomach or Bowels, Heustache, Pains in the Womb, Pains in the Limbs, Joints, Back, Spine Disease, Lumbago, Scalds, Burns, Chillblains, Sprains, Bruises, Pimples, and all Chronic Eruptions.

If you wish to be relieved from ALL PAIN, use Dr. Rose's PAIN-CURER.

If you desire to be cured of ALL PAIN, use Dr. Rose's Mugs, &c. SAMUEL LEWIS,
dec 22—dtistjan Penn. av., bet. 11th and 12th ste. A CARD

THE SUBSCRIBER would most respectfully inform his customers that their respective accounts will be rendered on or before the 26th of December, at which time he confidently trusts they will be prepared to settle the same, either by cash, or with notes at short dates, as it is a matter of great importance to close all accounts with the present year.

WM. R. RILEY.

FANCY BASKETS, WORK-BOXES, PAPIER-MACHE
Portfolios, Jowelry, Perfumery, Tuck Combs, &c., &c.,
at the Fancy Store on Sixth street, near the corner of Louisiana avenue. If you desire to be cured of ALL DISEASES, take his Family Medicines. Price 123%, 25, and 50 cents per bottle. For Coughs, Colds, Croup, and Whooping Cough. DE PREPARED FOR CHANGE OF WEATHER.—The frequent changes of the weather bring with it bad COLDS, COUGH, ASTHMA, IRRITATION of the LUNGS, SORE THROAT and BRONCHITIS, all of which can be cured, and the system fortified against frequent attacks by using Dr. J. S. ROSE'S Celebrated COUGH SYRUP. Price only 50 cents. JUST RECEIVED-Per Adams & Co.'s Express!

A BEAUTIFUL assortment of new and rich styles of Mousseline de Laines, of superior quality, to which would invite the special attention of the indies.

MoLAIN & HARRY, dec 26—3teo [Int.] between 8th and 9th sts. DRESSING ROBES.—A further supply of Robes

de Chambre, of the new and elegant cut and finish is reduced this Fall by STEVENS, dec 26—3teod Under Brown's Hotel. NDER-GARMENT. This day opened a fur-O ther supply of gentlemen's Silk, Merino, Lambswool Shaker Flannel, and Fur Undershirts and Drawers; also Kid and Warm Gloves. STEVENS'S dec 26—6teod Sales Room under Brown's Hotel.

WE HAVE constantly on hand a large stock of refined SUGAR, crushed, ground, granulated, clarified, and best quality loaf, at the most reasonable prices, and for sale by J. B. KIBBEY & CO., dec 22—M8w No. 5, opposite Centre Market,

using Dr. J. S. ROSE'S Celebrated COUGH SYRUP. Price only 50 cents.

CHILDREN are also liable to Group, which dangerous complaint yields immediately to Dr. J. S. Rose's neverfailing CROUP SYRUP. Price 25 cents.

WHOOPING COUGH, another complaint, always worse in cold and damp weather. The afflicted will find great relief in the use of Dr. J. S. Rose's WHOOPING COUGH SYRUP, which always relieves, and prevents, the disease from running into other diseases, such as INFLAMMATION of the LUNGS, DROPSY in the CHEST, and CONSUMPTION. Price 50 cents. Dr. Rose's successful treatment in all Lung Affections has created a great demand for the above highly valuable Family Medicines.

AST To be had at the Drug Stores of Z. D. Gilman, Charles Stott & Co. Samuel Butt, John W. Nairn, dec 29—tr Weshington city, D. C. No. 5, opposite Centre Market.